# Lab: Arrays

Problems for in-class lab for the ["JavaScript Advanced" course @ SoftUni](https://softuni.bg/trainings/3588/js-advanced-january-2022). Submit your solutions in the SoftUni judge system at [https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/2752/Arrays-and-Nested-Arrays-Lab.](https://judge.softuni.bg/Contests/2752/Arrays-and-Nested-Arrays-Lab)

# Arrays

## Even Position Element

Write a function that finds the elements at even positions in an array. The **input** comes as an **array of string** elements.

The **output** is printed on the console. Collect all elements in a string, separated by space.

**Examples**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **['20', '30', '40',**  **'50', '60']** | **20 40 60** | **['5', '10']** | **5** |

## Last K Numbers Sequence

You are given two integers **n** and **k**. Write a JS function that generates and **return** the following sequence:

* + The first element is 1
  + Every following element equals the **sum** of the previous **k** elements
  + The length of the sequence is **n** elements

The **input** comes as **two number arguments**. The first element represents the number **n**, and the second – the number **k**.

The **output** is the **return** value of your function and should be an **array of numbers**.

**Example**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **6, 3** | **[1, 1, 2, 4, 7, 13]** | **8, 2** | **[1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21]** |

**Explanation**

The 2nd element (1) is the sum of the 3 elements before it, but there is only 1, so we take that. The third element is the sum of the first 2 (1 and 1) and the 4th – the sum of 1, 1, and 2. The 5th element is the sum of the 2nd, 3rd, and 4th (1, 2, and 4) and so on.

## Sum First Last

Write a function that calculates and returns the sum of the first and the last elements in an array. The **input** comes **as an array of string elements** holding numbers.

The **output** is the **return** value of your function and should be a **number**.

**Example**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **['20', '30', '40']** | **60** | **['5', '10']** | **15** |

## Negative / Positive Numbers

Write a JS function that processes the elements in an array one by one and produces a new array. If the current element is a **negative** number you must add it to the **front** of the array (**as** the **first element** of the array).

Otherwise, if the current element is a **positive** number (**or 0**), you must add it to the **end** of the array (as the **last element** of the array).

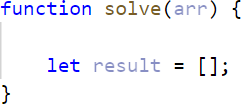
The **input** comes as an **array of number elements**.

The **output** is printed on the console, each element on a new line.

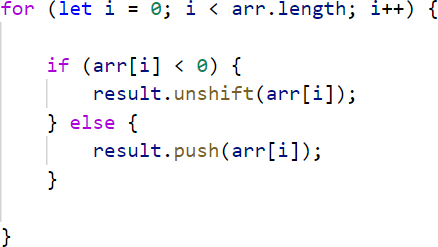
**Example**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **[7, -2, 8, 9]** | **-2**  **7**  **8**  **9** | **[3, -2, 0, -1]** | **-1**  **-2**  **3**  **0** |

**Hints**

* Write a function that receives an array as an argument.
* Declare variable named **result** that will keep the array.
* You can use **for** loop to go around the items one by one.
* If the current element is a **negative number,** you can use the **unshift** method to add the number at the

**beginning** of the array.



* Otherwise, if the current element is a **positive** number (**or 0**), use a **push** method to add the number to the

**end** of the array.

* Print on the console, each element of the array on a new line.



## Smallest Two Numbers

Write a function that prints the two smallest elements from an array of numbers. The **input** comes as an **array of number elements**.

The **output** is printed on the console on a single line, separated by space.

**Example**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **[30, 15, 50, 5]** | **5 15** | **[3, 0, 10, 4, 7, 3]** | **0 3** |

## Bigger Half

You are given an array of numbers. Write a JS function that **sorts** the array in **ascending order** and returns a new array, containing only the **second half** of the input. If there is an odd number of elements in the input, always take the bigger half. For example, if the input array contains 4 elements, the output should be 2, and if the input is 5 – the output is 3.

The **input** comes as an **array of number elements**.

The **output** is the **return** value of the function and should be an **array of numbers**.

**Example**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| **[4, 7, 2, 5]** | **[5, 7]** |
| **[3, 19, 14, 7, 2, 19, 6]** | **[7, 14, 19, 19]** |

## Piece of Pie

Write a function that receives **three parameters** – an **array** of pie flavors as **strings,** two target flavors as **strings**. The result of the function should be a **new array**, containing a section of the original array, **starting** at the first flavor parameter, and **ending** at (and **including**) the second flavor parameter.

The **input** comes as **three arguments**:

* + An **array of strings**, representing pie flavors
  + **Two more strings**, representing the start and end of the section, respectively The **output** is the **return** value of the function and should be an **array of strings**.

**Example**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |
| **['Pumpkin Pie', 'Key Lime Pie', 'Cherry Pie',**  **'Lemon Meringue Pie', 'Sugar Cream Pie'], 'Key Lime Pie',**  **'Lemon Meringue Pie'** | **['Key Lime Pie', 'Cherry Pie',**  **'Lemon Meringue Pie']** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **['Apple Crisp', 'Mississippi Mud Pie', 'Pot Pie',**  **'Steak and Cheese Pie', 'Butter Chicken Pie', 'Smoked Fish Pie'], 'Pot Pie',**  **'Smoked Fish Pie'** | **['Pot Pie',**  **'Steak and Cheese Pie', 'Butter Chicken Pie', 'Smoked Fish Pie']** |

## Process Odd Positions

You are given an array of numbers. Write a JS function that **returns** the elements at **odd positions** from the array,

**doubled** and in **reverse** order.

The **input** comes as an **array of number elements**.

The **output** is the **return** on the console on a single line, separated by space.

**Example**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **[10, 15, 20, 25]** | **50 30** | **[3, 0, 10, 4, 7, 3]** | **6 8 0** |

# Nested Arrays

## Biggest Element

Write a function that finds the biggest element inside a matrix.

The **input** comes as an **array of arrays**, containing number elements (2D matrix of numbers). The **output** is the **return** value of your function. Find the biggest element and return it.

**Examples**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **[[20, 50, 10],**  **[8, 33, 145]]** | **145** | **[[3, 5, 7, 12],**  **[-1, 4, 33, 2],**  **[8, 3, 0, 4]]** | **33** |

## Diagonal Sums

A square matrix of numbers comes as an array of **strings**, each string holding numbers (space separated). Write a function that finds the sum at the main and the secondary diagonals.

The **input** comes as an **array of arrays**, containing number elements (2D matrix of numbers).

The **output** is **printed** on the console, on a single line separated by space. First print the sum at the main diagonal, then the sum at the secondary diagonal.

**Example**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **[[20, 40],** | **80 50** | **[[3, 5, 17],** | **99 25** |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **[10, 60]]** |  |  | **[-1, 7, 14],**  **[1, -8, 89]]** |  |

## Equal Neighbors

Write a function that finds the number of **equal neighbor** pairs inside a **matrix** of variable size and type (numbers or strings).

The **input** comes as an **array of arrays**, containing string elements (2D matrix of strings).

The **output** is the **return** value of your function. Save the number of equal pairs you find and return it.

**Example**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Input** | **Output** |  | **Input** | **Output** |
| **[['2', '3', '4', '7', '0'],**  **['4', '0', '5', '3', '4'],**  **['2', '3', '5', '4', '2'],**  **['9', '8', '7', '5', '4']]** | **1** | **[['test', 'yes', 'yo', 'ho'],**  **['well', 'done', 'yo', '6'],**  **['not', 'done', 'yet', '5']]** | **2** |